

Compliance Disposition of Crop

Sold or Commercially Stored	Weighed and/or Farm Stored	Direct Marketed	Fed	Production NOT to Count
 Verify the insured's name(s) matches the name on the policy. Evidence of 3rd-party sales and/or commercial storage from commercial facilities is needed. Verify load records/ weight tickets or storage reciepts form the buyer or commercial storage facility against entries on the settlement sheets. Do not use individual weight tickets or load slips without supporting documentation of total production. Loads cannot be split between units. This constitues commingled production unless the insured has veriviable load records. 	 Adjuster must measure and calculate all farm-stored production for the storage structure(s) regardless of crop share unless pre-harvest appraisals have been performed. If the insured provides acceptable weight records for all stored production, the adjuster may use the insured's records if: Weighed production is within 3% of the adjuster's figures; Weighed production records are from a grain cart that meets the requirements below; Insured met criteria for acceptable scales; Insured met criteria for acceptable weight tickets/records. Pre-harvest appraisal in lieu of measuring and weight tickets when (1) production will be stored in such a manner that the production cannot be measured (2) the insured intends to farm store production in commercial sized storage structures. 	 When CP allows crop to be direct marketed, the CP also requires the insured to notify the AIP who must conduct a pre-harvest appraisal to determine PTC. Appraisal and acceptable records provided will be used to determine PTC. Other Acceptable Records include the following: Daily accounting of sales records showing amount of procution and price recieved in a ledger or log. Daily cash reciepts. 	 AIPs are to encourage producers to have any quantity of production intended for feed measured (by the AIP, FSA or other party acceptable to the AIP) or appraised by the AIP to determine the amount of production/moisture and quality before feeding. Otherwise, the insured is responsible for maintaining a formal written record system. Review the fed production records for reasonableness. If production is not measured or appraised by AIP prior to feeding, follow the procedures in Para. 933, D items (3)-(6). 	 Prior year(s) production when stored with the currrent year(s) production. Harvested production form UI acreage. Harvested production from acreage damaged soley by UI casues. Harvested production from multiple units or contracts when stored in one facility. Purchased grain that is stored with harvested grain. Harvested production from other entities when stored with insured's production and accpetable records are not provided.



Acceptable Records

Third Party	Third Party	Píck Records	Records of Fed	Farm Management
Settlement/Storage Sheets	Settlement/Storage Sheets		Production	Records
 Required Elements: Name and address of buyer; Insured's name; Load number or ticket number; Crop; Gross weight; Tare weight; Date weighed; Unit # and/or field identification. Additional Elements for grain crops: FM (or dockage, if applicable) %. Moisture %, if applicable. Test weight. Most CP requrie that quality deficiencies are determined by licensed graders and licensed by the entity in the CP. Some crops and types of damage require adjustments be made prior to the crop being delivered for sale or being place in commercial storage. 	 Acceptable Scale Types: Non-portable on-farm scales. Commercial elevator scales, Grain carts. Requirements for Grain Cart: Must produce ticket showing the weight; Has integrated display panel to show the weight of the production in the cart or; Integrated with Bluetooth, calibrated according to manufactureer's specifications, capable of electronically recording and storing weight records by field. Acceptable Scale Weight Tickets or Records: Insured's Name; Crop; Gross weight per load; Photo copies since print can disappear. Date weighed; Load number; Unit or field identification; Identification and location of 	 Acceptable pick records cannot be a summary of the pick records. Required Elements: Include the names of the individuals paid by the grower (crew leader or picker). Show the actual running tallies of production harvested by the pickers. Be legible, understandable, and reasonable when explained by the insured. Be accompanied by verifiable receipts such as a photocopy of the canceled check(s) showing the banking institution's stamp of payment. The insured must identify the price paid per volume of production picked (converted to the insurable unit of measure for the commodity (bushels, lugs, or boxes)), and the average weight per bushel, lug, or box. The complete pick record for the entire crop must be reviewed. 	Required Elements: Amount of grain fed each day, Bin ID from which the production was taken, if applicable, Number and kind of livestock, Estimated average weight of livestock per head and location or pen number, The unit number from which the fed production was taken, and Whether fed production was from previous year.	Must include GPS techonology integrated with planting monitors, combine monitors, yield mapping software. Must produce report of calibrations performed per manufactuerer's requirements. Must include insured's name, unit number, FSA farm/ tract/fjield ID number, legal description of acreage and a print out with the following: